

Self-Cleaning Boudouard Reactor for Full Oxygen Recovery from Carbon Dioxide

- Presenter: Janelle Coutts, Ph.D., Engineering Services Contract, Kennedy Space Center, FL
- Paul E. Hintze, Ph.D. and Anthony C. Muscatello, Ph.D., Applied Science Branch, NASA Kennedy Space Center
- Tracy L. Gibson, Ph.D., James G. Captain, Griffin M. Lunn, Robert W. Devor, Ph.D., Brint Bauer, and Steve Parks, Engineering Services Contract, Kennedy Space Center, FL



Outline

- Importance of oxygen recovery from carbon dioxide
- Self-cleaning reactor designs at KSC
- Results
- Future Work



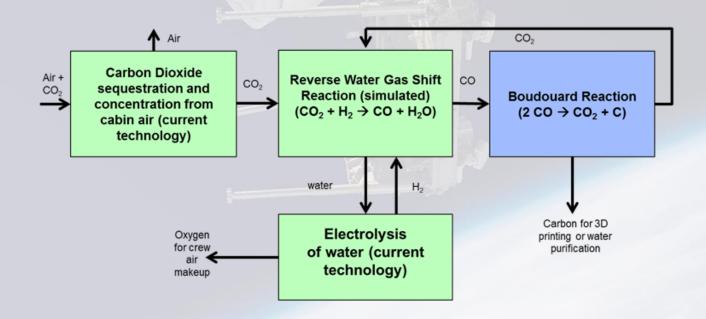
O₂ Recovery from CO₂

- Only 50% of O₂ can recovered from respiratory CO₂ on the ISS
- Sabatier reactor makes CH₄ and H₂O
- CH₄ is vented, losing H₂
- H₂O from cargo limits H₂ availability to 50% recovery
- RFP seeks at least 75% recovery
- Deep space missions (Moon, Mars moons, Mars surface, asteroids, etc.) need closer to 100% recovery



Bosch Reaction

- Bosch Reaction: $CO_2 + H_2 \rightarrow C_{(s)} + 2 H_2O (\rightarrow 2 H_2 + O_2)$
- RWGS: $CO_2 + H_2 \rightarrow CO + H_2O (\rightarrow H_2 + \frac{1}{2}O_2)$
- Boudouard: 2 CO → C_(s) + CO₂ (Fe catalyst, H₂ enhancer)
- Need a method to remove C from catalyst as it forms





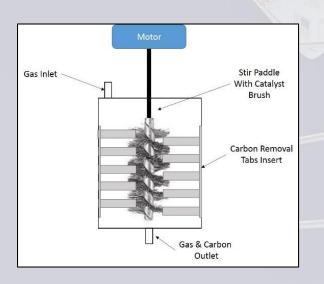
Design Concepts

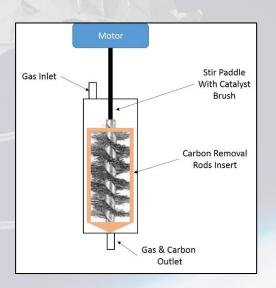
- Criteria: Expected Durability, catalyst surface area, mechanical interface, ease of use/fabrication, ability to evaluate design variations in same reactor.
- Did not seek to choose the best catalyst
- Most concepts centered around a catalyst that was either a brush or springs
- Others included planetary gears (like a pencil sharpener), ball bearings

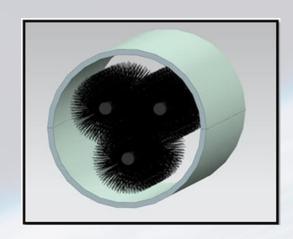


Brush Design Concepts

- Catalytic brush with mechanism for carbon removal
- Variations included the number of brushes and method of carbon removal





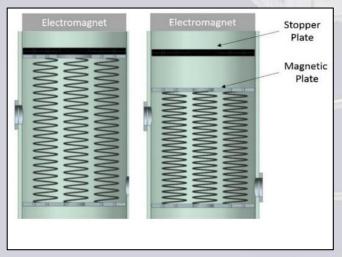


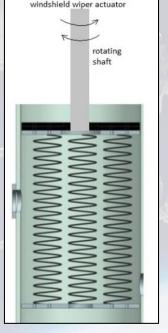


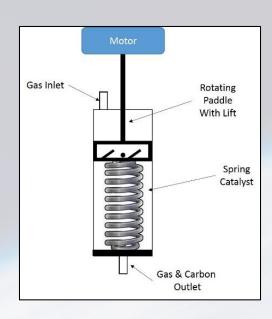
Spring Design Concepts

 Catalytic springs with different mechanisms that compress/release springs to remove

carbon









Initial design

- Spinning carbon steel spiral brush with brass rods
- Stainless steel reactor body







Initial Design

- Tested steel wool reactor for comparison
- Tested 1" and 2" ID reactors

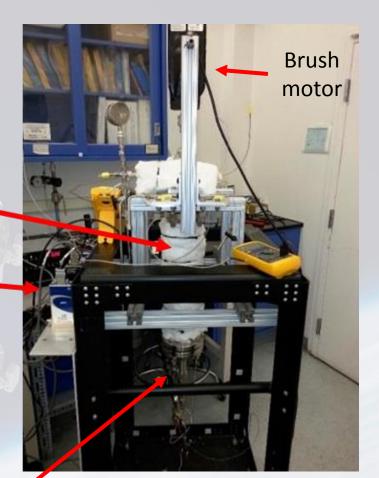
Wrapped Collected carbon in HEPA^{Reactor}

Flow filter bag as it was Controller (1 of 3)

generated



Carbon Collector





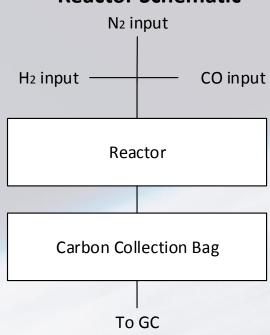
Methods

- CO, H₂, N₂ fed into reactor
- Reactor temperature 500-600 °C
- Carbon collected and weighed

Parameters for Each Reactor

	1" REACTOR	2" REACTOR
REACTOR VOLUME, ML	76	300
CATALYST MASS, G	1.31	11.82
H ₂ FLOW, SCCM	232	909
CO FLOW, SCCM	232	909
N ₂ FLOW, SCCM	52	202

Reactor Schematic

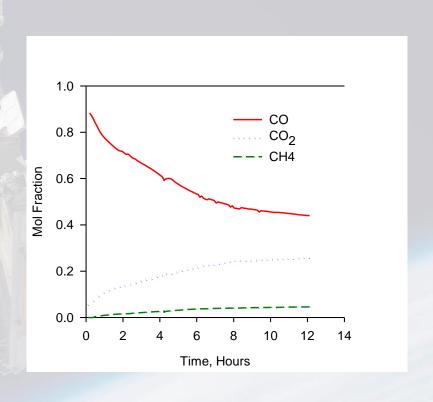




Methods

- Product Gas quantified with GC
- A total carbon balance was used with the GC data to calculate CO₂ yield

$$yield = \frac{mol\ CO_2\ produced}{0.5 \times mol\ CO\ in}$$

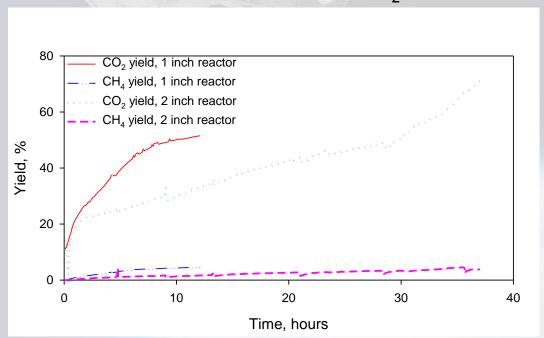




Results

- 1" reactor ran for 12 h
 - Reached 51% CO₂ yield,
 collected 27% of C in filter bag
 (5.5g in filter bag, 20.5 g total)
 - Found to be damaged upon disassembly

- 2" reactor run for 37 h before failure
 - Reached 73% conversion, collected 25% of C in filter bag
 - Equivalent to 1 crew $CO_2 \rightarrow O_2/day$
 - Multiple modules + RWGS can recover
 ALL the O₂ on ISS





Results: 1 inch reactor

- After 12 hours of test time, the reactor jammed
- Brush bristles had become knotted and brush was starting to fall apart
- Some carbon still in reactor

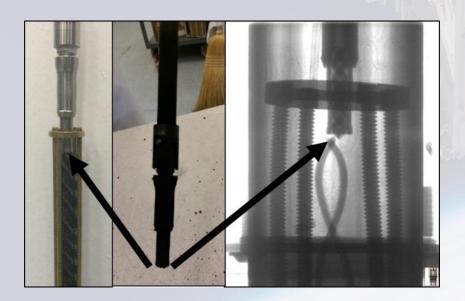






Results: 2 inch reactor

- Pressure inside the reactor began to increase after 27 hours, and reactor was stopped after 37 hours due to the pressure increase
- Reactor x-rayed to determine cause

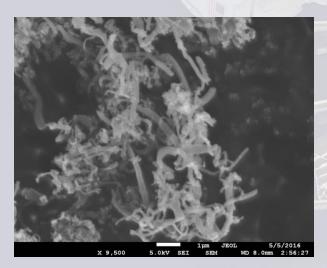


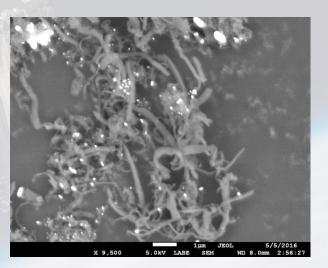




Carbon Analysis

- Carbon analysis with SEM/EDA indicated iron was present
- Source is likely the brush





Secondary electron, left, and backscatter electron, right, images of carbon collected from the two inch reactor. The bright spots in the right image are iron



Future Work

- New design: Catalytic wall with non-catalytic scraper
- Using pipe inserts as catalyst so it will protect the reactor wall
- Different inserts could be made of different catalysts





Acknowledgments

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